The Undergraduate Study of History at SFState

The History B.A., The History B.A. with Honors Concentration, and The History Minor

THE STUDY OF HISTORY provides a way of knowing, a mode of understanding human behavior by examining things in the light of their origins, of the changes they have undergone during their existence, and of the processes by which they have reached their present state. Students who major in history will learn how to apply such an approach to the study of human communities. History students can expect to encounter such issues as these: How did the Depression of the 1930s influence changes in American government? How has the communist revolution affected the Chinese family? Why did European nations create empires in the 19th century?

STUDENTS OF HISTORY can expect to develop both knowledge about the past and skills of analysis and interpretation. They learn how to assess the adequacy of evidence, how to compare and contrast, how to synthesize, and how to draw conclusions. Some history majors will find careers teaching history, and others will present history to the public through archives, museums, writing, preservation programs, and the like. Other history majors will choose fields such as foreign service or will pursue professional studies in fields such as law, business, library science, or journalism. Because the skills learned in the study of history can be applied to a variety of circumstances, they will prove useful throughout life regardless of one's eventual choice of career.

THE HISTORY DEPARTMENT at S.F.S.U. offers several programs designed to meet the needs of different groups of students interested in history. The history major provides a foundation in the history of Western Civilization or World History, the history of the United States, and historical analysis, plus advanced work in the history of three regions of the world. The Honors Concentration builds upon the history major by adding an honors thesis. The Waiver Program for the Secondary Teaching Credential in History/Social Science builds upon the history major by adding courses designed to provide appropriate subject competency for the prospective secondary teacher. The history minor allows majors in other fields to pursue a structured introduction to history. Within any of these four undergraduate programs, ample opportunity exists for students to develop special interests, for example, urban development, diplomatic history, women's history, or the history of ideas. Students may choose to pursue interests in depth or to explore a wide variety of concerns within their major. History faculty members have earned their doctoral degrees at leading universities throughout the nation and the world. Many have achieved significant recognition for their contributions to their fields.
What Do Our Alumni Say?

I learned that History as discipline is informed by our present and that drawing connections and thinking critically about how History is created is as important as understanding general change over time.

Aliayh Salahuddin
SFSU History BA ’10 MA’12
Department Chair of African-American Studies at College of San Francisco

Upon entering the PhD program at Stanford I felt I was more prepared than many of my peers due to the training I had at SF state. I also learned the importance of networking and discussing your work with people from disparate fields. I had an amazingly supportive and talented cohort during my time there. Six years later, many of my former fellow grad students and I are still in touch. We regularly share information, discuss our work and support each other as we pursue our various career goals.

Rachael Hill, SFSU MA ‘11
PhD candidate History Department at Stanford University

Even if one does not pursue an advanced degree, history is an extremely useful and gratifying major. Perhaps more than any other major, it enriches our intellectual life and provides ample opportunity to practice and develop the essential arts of critical thinking, persuasive argumentation, and clear writing.

Thomas Clark
SFSU BA ’85 MA ‘87
Currently Principal Counsel to the Assembly Judiciary Committee in the California State Legislature
What did I learn in the History Department at SFSU that serves me today?

- The ability to methodically and thoughtfully, yet quickly, digest and synthesize massive amounts of content and data.
- A true sense of collaboration and collegiality, two of the most sought after “soft skills” by HR departments.
- Impeccable writing skills, a cornerstone of effective communication in the digital realm.
- An abiding respect for the coexistence of theory and practice.

Rob Alper SFSU US History, BA ’05
Currently a Subject Matter Expert at Cengage Learning and Technology

Working on exhibits and our various social media platforms puts my writing to the test. I have to balance those patrons who know a great deal about bookbinding and its history with those who know nothing at all, and I have to try and make it interesting for both (and everyone in between). The exhibits and social media posts have to be engaging, approachable, and clear, and walk a line between academic analysis and an introductory survey of the topic at hand.

To me, this is the best part of history. I work with the stuff of history, and I get to present it to people every day, sharing why it’s important, interesting, and exciting.

Elsbeth Olsen
SFSU MA ‘11
What Do Our Alumni Do?

Beyond the obvious career path towards teaching, the study of History imparts skills that are applicable to all employment endeavors, as it fosters the intellectual rigor and curiosity that results in strong civic engagement. Studying History makes us better citizens, stronger writers, better critical thinkers, and more attune to the lived experiences of those around us.

Whether you need to craft a strong cover letter, marketing copy, a legal brief, or make a coherent argument for why you deserve a raise, the critical thinking and communication skills you hone as a History major during your time at SFSU will serve your well.

History Majors also find careers outside of the classroom as:

- Managers
- Lawyers
- Marketing Professionals
- Politicians and Community organizers
- Librarians and Archivists
- Project Managers
- Futurists
- Authors, Editors, and Copywriters
- Administrators
- President of the United States

And History majors spend their time talking about really cool things—zombies, the political and social revolutions spearheaded by women, persons of color, and the disabled, cannibalism, Roman legions, and pirates.
History (B.A.) — 39 units

Required Courses (15 units)
- HIST 110 History of Western Civilization I or HIST 114 World History to 1500
- HIST 111 History of Western Civilization II or HIST 115 World History Since 1500
- HIST 120 History of the U.S. through Reconstruction
- HIST 121 History of the U.S. since Reconstruction
- HIST 300 GW Seminar in Historical Analysis - GWAR (Must pass with a “C” or better, cannot be taken CR/NC)

Fields of study (24 units)

OPTION I (geographic): Students should complete 12 upper division units in one field of study and 6 upper division units in each of two other fields of study. US History must be one of the three fields.
- US History
- Choose two fields from among the following: Africa, Asia (may include the Middle East), Europe (either Europe before 1500 or Europe since 1500), or Latin America.

OPTION II (thematic): Students may complete 6 upper division units in each of three fields of study, distributed geographically as above, and 6 elective upper division units, so long as a minimum of 12 upper division units fall under a theme approved on departmental advisement such as Empire and Imperialism; Gender, Sexuality and the Body; Religion and Society; or the Pre-modern World; (applicable courses are listed in this document).

Note: A minimum of 40 upper division units must be completed for the degree (including upper division units required for the major, general education, electives, etc.). A student can complete this major yet not attain the necessary number of upper division units required for graduation. In this case additional upper division courses will be needed to reach the required total. General Education advising is available through Undergraduate Advising in Administration 211 and, for history majors, through the Academic Resource Center in Humanities 112.

All history majors must include at least one proseminar (HIST 640, 642, or 644. These are variable topic courses that change every semester). Successful completion of History 300 GWAR is required before you can take a proseminar. Preferably, your proseminar will be in the primary field, although it may be in any field of emphasis. Please note, that the proseminar requirement ALSO counts as 3 units of upper division history in the field of emphasis it is taken. For example, History 642, Silicon Valley, not only completes your proseminar requirement, but may also count as three units of US, Europe after 1500, or World history. Each semester our majors are sent a list of courses being offered and which fields of emphasis each course fulfills, but we also encourage you to drop by Science 275 and get major advising so we can help you make sure you are on track to graduate.

Twenty seven of the 39 units required for the major must be upper division. History majors cannot choose CR/NC grading in more than two history courses for their major, nor elect CR/NC grading in HIST 300 GW or their proseminar. With the consent of their advisor, students may offer up to six units from other departments to count toward their history major.
History B.A. Honors Concentration (45 units)

Prerequisites (12 units)
In order for a student to be eligible for admission to the History Honors Program, the following requirements must be met:
1. An overall GPA of 3.25 in courses at the college level and an overall GPA of 3.25 in history courses taken.
2. Students must also complete each of the following courses with a grade of B or better (12 units):
   - HIST 110 History of Western Civilization I or HIST 114 World History to 1500
   - HIST 111 History of Western Civilization II or HIST 115 World History Since 1500
   - HIST 120 History of the U.S. through Reconstruction
   - HIST 121 History of the U.S. since Reconstruction

The courses listed above are SFSU courses and should be taken as soon as possible because they form the basic introduction to the subject matter of history. They may be taken out of sequence. Equivalent courses from other institutions are also acceptable.

Required Courses (9 units):
- HIST 300 GW (Must pass with a “C” or better, cannot be taken CR/NC
- Proseminar (HIST 640, 642, or 644 variable topic course)
- HIST 697, Honors Thesis.

Fields of Study (24 units):
OPTION I (geographic): Students should complete 12 upper division units in one field of study and 6 upper division units in each of two other fields of study. US History must be one of the three fields.
   - US History
   - Choose two fields from among the following: Africa, Asia (may include the Middle East), Europe (either Europe before 1500 or Europe since 1500), or Latin America.

OPTION II (thematic): Students may complete 6 upper division units in each of three fields of study, distributed geographically as above, and 6 elective upper division units, so long as a minimum of 12 upper division units fall under a theme approved on departmental advisement such as Empire and Imperialism; Gender, Sexuality and the Body; Religion and Society; or the Pre-modern World; (applicable courses are listed in this document).

Note: A minimum of 40 upper division units must be completed for the degree (including upper division units required for the major, general education, electives, etc.). A student can complete this major yet not attain the necessary number of upper division units required for graduation. In this case additional upper division courses will be needed to reach the required total. General Education advising is available through Undergraduate Advising in Administration 211 and, for history majors, through the Academic Resource Center in Humanities 112.

Thirty Three of the 45 units required for the honors concentration must be upper division. History majors cannot choose CR/NC grading in more than two history courses for their major, nor elect CR/NC grading in HIST 300 GW or their proseminar. With the consent of their advisor, students may offer up to six units from other departments to count toward their history major.

(Honors requirements continued on next page)
History Minor – 24 Units

The History Minor provides an opportunity for students majoring in fields other than history to pursue a structured course of study in History and to have it reflected on their transcript through designation of history as a minor field of study.

Required Courses (15 units)

- HIST 110 History of Western Civilization I or HIST 114 World History to 1500
- HIST 111 History of Western Civilization II or HIST 115 World History Since 1500
- HIST 120 History of the U.S. through Reconstruction
- HIST 121 History of the U.S. since Reconstruction
- HIST 300 GW Seminar in Historical Analysis - GWAR (Must pass with a “C” or better, cannot be taken CR/NC)

Elective Courses (9 units)

- Any 9 upper division History units.

Please note, if you are interested in taking a proseminar (Hist 640, 642, or 644 variable topic course) you must successfully complete History 300 GW with a “C” or better. The proseminar requirement ALSO counts as 3 units of upper division history.

Extended Requirements for the Honors Major

1. Language or Statistics/Data Processing Proficiency: To graduate in the History Honors Program, a student must demonstrate either proficiency in statistics/data processing or proficiency in a foreign language at a level comparable to that of students who have successfully completed one year of college courses. This level of proficiency is to be demonstrated as follows:

   - Two semesters of college-level language or statistics/data processing with a grade of B or better
   - Equivalent proficiency in a foreign language based on successful completion of an examination to be administered by the Foreign Languages Department.

2. Grade Performance Requirement: Students are expected to maintain a minimum grade of B in each course offered to meet the Honors major requirements, and a grade point average of 3.25 in all courses taken to complete the Honors Program. Students failing to maintain the required GPA will be dropped from the program. Additionally, students will be required to have an overall grade point average of 3.25 in all university-level courses taken to fulfill the University requirements for the Honors degree.
# Courses by Area of Emphasis

## AFRICA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>313</td>
<td>Comparative History of Love and Sexuality</td>
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<tr>
<td>315</td>
<td>History of Science from the Scientific Revolution</td>
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<tr>
<td>405</td>
<td>Atlantic World</td>
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<td>604</td>
<td>Islamic World I</td>
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<td>605</td>
<td>Islamic World II</td>
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<td>609</td>
<td>Approaches to the African Past</td>
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<td>610</td>
<td>History of Africa</td>
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<td>611</td>
<td>Modern Africa</td>
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<td>620</td>
<td>Pirates and Piracy</td>
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<td>632</td>
<td>Jewish History I, to 1650</td>
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## ASIA

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<td>315</td>
<td>History of Science from the Scientific Revolution</td>
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<td>569</td>
<td>Ancient Chinese Civilizations</td>
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<td>570</td>
<td>Imperial China</td>
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<td>571</td>
<td>History of Modern China</td>
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<tr>
<td>572</td>
<td>Taiwan: History, Memory, and Imagination</td>
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<tr>
<td>575</td>
<td>Women in China and Japan</td>
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<tr>
<td>578</td>
<td>History of Japan</td>
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<tr>
<td>582</td>
<td>Tales from Ancient India: Hinduism and Buddhism</td>
</tr>
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<td>583</td>
<td>Hindus and Muslims</td>
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<tr>
<td>584</td>
<td>India and the British Empire</td>
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<td>585</td>
<td>India Since Ghandi</td>
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<td>588</td>
<td>Southeast Asia</td>
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<td>600</td>
<td>Ancient Near East</td>
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<td>603</td>
<td>Ancient Near East to Muhammad</td>
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<td>604</td>
<td>Islamic World I</td>
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<td>605</td>
<td>Islamic World II</td>
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<td>606</td>
<td>History of Iran and Afghanistan</td>
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<td>607</td>
<td>Imperialism and Nationalism in the Recent Near East</td>
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<td>620</td>
<td>Pirates and Piracy</td>
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## EUROPE PRIOR TO 1500

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<td>313</td>
<td>Comparative History of Love and Sexuality</td>
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<td>320</td>
<td>Archaic and Classical Greece</td>
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<td>321</td>
<td>Hellenistic Greece</td>
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<td>322</td>
<td>The Roman Republic</td>
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<td>323</td>
<td>Imperial Rome</td>
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<td>325</td>
<td>Late Antiquity</td>
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<td>326</td>
<td>The Byzantine Empire</td>
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<td>327</td>
<td>The Medieval Mediterranean</td>
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<td>328</td>
<td>Early Christian Church to 313</td>
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<td>329</td>
<td>Early Christian Church 313-787</td>
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<td>330</td>
<td>Early Middle Ages</td>
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<td>331</td>
<td>High Middle Ages</td>
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<td>334</td>
<td>The Renaissance</td>
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<td>600</td>
<td>Ancient Near East</td>
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<td>620</td>
<td>Pirates and Piracy</td>
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## EUROPE SINCE 1500

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<td>315</td>
<td>History of Science from the Scientific Revolution</td>
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<td>317</td>
<td>Holocaust and Genocide</td>
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<td>318</td>
<td>The Holocaust and Genocide in Europe</td>
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<td>334</td>
<td>The Renaissance</td>
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<td>336</td>
<td>The Reformation</td>
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<td>337</td>
<td>Knowing and Unknowing in Early Modern Europe</td>
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<td>338</td>
<td>Europe and the Wider World</td>
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<td>342</td>
<td>Europe and the French Revolution</td>
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<td>344</td>
<td>Nineteenth Century Europe</td>
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<td>346</td>
<td>Recent European History</td>
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<td>347</td>
<td>Women in Modern Europe</td>
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<td>348</td>
<td>Recent European Intellectual History</td>
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<td>349</td>
<td>Medieval Popular Beliefs</td>
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<td>350</td>
<td>Greece and the Balkans</td>
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<td>351</td>
<td>Venetians and Ottomans</td>
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<td>385</td>
<td>The Russian Revolution</td>
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<td>386</td>
<td>Soviet Union and Russia since WWII</td>
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<td>387</td>
<td>The Era of Globalization, 1968-2008</td>
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<td>389</td>
<td>European and International History, 1848-1918</td>
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<td>390</td>
<td>European and International History, 1918 to Present</td>
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<td>400</td>
<td>Modern European Imperialism</td>
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<td>405</td>
<td>Atlantic World</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
LATIN AMERICA
313, Comparative History of Love and Sexuality
315, History of Science from the Scientific Revolution
520, Central America and the Caribbean
524, History of Mexico
528, History of Brazil
535, Women in Latin America
550, Social Change in Modern Latin America
500, Colonial Latin America
501, Latin America: The National Period
524, History of Mexico
528, History of Brazil
535, Women in Latin America
550, Social Change in Modern Latin America
500, Colonial Latin America
501, Latin America: The National Period
620, Pirates and Piracy

MIDDLE EAST
313, Comparative History of Love and Sexuality
315, History of Science from the Scientific Revolution
600, Ancient Near East
603, Ancient Near East to Muhammad
604, Islamic World I
605, Islamic World II
606, History of Iran and Afghanistan
607, Imperialism and Nationalism in the Recent Near East
620, Pirates and Piracy
632, Jewish History I, to 1650
633, Jewish History II, 1650 to present

RECENT PROSEMINARS
640, World War I, Social and Cultural Perspectives
640, The Black Death
640, The Era of Globalization
642, North vs South
642, Gender, Sexuality, and Law in U.S. History
642, Silicon Valley
642, Historical Perspective on Food, Culture and Identity
644, Black Atlantic
644, Travelers to the Dragon Kingdom

UNITED STATES
313, Comparative History of Love and Sexuality
315, History of Science from the Scientific Revolution
405, Atlantic World
418, Society and Politics in American History
420, American Colonial History
421, Food Fights: The Politics of American Jewish Consumption, 1654- Present
422, Founding of the American Nation
424, History of the U.S., 1827-1877
426, History of the U.S., 1877-1916
427, History of the U.S., 1916-1945
428, History of the U.S. since 1945
448, The American West
449, American Jewish History
450, History of California
455, The Philippines and the United States
460, American Foreign Relations to 1913
461, American Foreign Relations, 1913 to Present
462, Making Whites: Race in the U.S.
463, History of Latinos in the U.S.
464, American Ethnic and Race Relations I
465, American Ethnic and Race Relations II
466, History of U.S. People of Color
467, Women in the U.S. to 1890
468, Women in the U.S., 1890 to Present
469, American Childhoods
470, U.S. Constitution to 1877
471, U.S. Constitution since 1877
473, Unfree Labor in the U.S.
474, History of Labor in the U.S.
476, U.S. Environmental History
480, Thought and Culture in America
481, Thought and Culture in America; 1880 to the Present
482, Religion in America
484, Disability and Culture in America
490, Variable Topics in American History  (Recent Topics include History of Baseball and History of Sexuality in the US)
Thematic Option Courses

**Empire and Imperialism:**
Hist 323: Imperial Rome
Hist 338: Europe and the Wider World, 1348 – 1768
Hist 570: Imperial China
Hist 338: Europe and the Wider World, 1348 – 1768
Hist 386: Soviet Russia, the West, and the Cold War
Hist 389: European International History: 1848 – 1918
Hist 390: European International History: 1918 – 1945
Hist 400: History of Modern European Imperialism
Hist 405: Atlantic World History
Hist 420: American Colonial History
Hist 455: The Philippines and the United States
Hist 460: U.S. Foreign Relations to 1913
Hist 461: U.S. Foreign Relations, 1913 – Present
Hist 500: Colonial Latin America
Hist 584: India and the British Empire
Hist 606: History of Iran and Afghanistan, 1500 - Present
Hist 607: Imperialism and Nationalism in the Recent Near East
Hist 611: Modern Africa

**Gender, Sexuality, and the Body:**
Hist 313: Comparative History of Love and Sexuality
Hist 468: Women in the US, 1890 – Present
Hist 535: History of Women in Latin America
Hist 575: History of Women in China and Japan
Hist 640: Witchcraft proseminar
Hist 642: Gender and Law proseminar

**Religion and Society:**
Hist 331: The High Middle Ages
Hist 334: The Renaissance
Hist 583: Hindus and Muslims
Hist 590: Civilizing Demons: Religious, Cultural, and Political Assimilations in Journey to the West
Hist 604: Islamic World I: 500 – 1500
Hist 336: The Reformation
Hist 337: Knowing and Unknowing in Early Modern Europe
Hist 349: Medieval Popular Beliefs
Hist 482: Religion in America
Hist 605: Islamic World II: 1500 – Present
Hist 640: Witchcraft proseminar
STUDENT ACTIVITIES AND ORGANIZATIONS IN HISTORY

History Students Association
The History Students Association is an approved student organization, funded by student fees through the Associated Students, and open to all students (both undergraduate and graduate) with an interest in History. Members elect officers annually. Members and officers plan the annual program, which may include discussions by faculty members of work-in-progress, lectures by distinguished visiting historians, films, and social gatherings. The HSA also organizes an annual conference which presents student research. To get on the HSA email announcement list, send a message to hsa@sfsu.edu, or leave a message in the HSA mailbox in the History Department.

Phi Alpha Theta (Honor Society for Students in History)
Founded in 1921, Phi Alpha Theta has, as its primary purpose, the encouragement and recognition of excellence in the study of history. Membership in Phi Alpha Theta should be listed among other university honors when applying to graduate or professional schools or when applying for employment in any history-related field. The national organization publishes The Historian, a quarterly journal that presents articles from all fields within the discipline of history. Student members, both graduate and undergraduate, are eligible to participate in annual prize paper awards.
The Kappa Phi chapter was founded at what was then San Francisco State College in 1965. Kappa Phi chapter members take part in the activities of the History Student Association on campus, and participate in the northern California regional meeting of Phi Alpha Theta held each spring on the campus of one of the northern California chapters. At this meeting, students present their research, and prizes are awarded for the outstanding papers.
To qualify for membership, undergraduate students must meet three conditions: (1) have completed at least 60 semester units toward the B.A. degree, (2) have at least twelve semester hours in history with an overall GPA of at least 3.50 in history courses, and (3) have an overall GPA of at least 3.0 in all college work. Graduate students must meet two conditions: (1) have completed at least twelve units toward their Graduate Approved Program (GAP), and (2) have an overall GPA of at least 3.50 in history graduate courses.